Assessment of Protection on Transmission Lines with Fixed Series Capacitors (FSC) using Hardware-inthe-Loop Testing

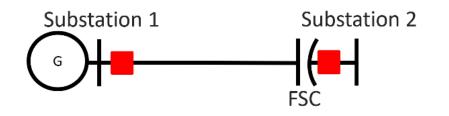
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Introduction

- Diverse and evolving generation portfolio
- 500 kV lines are critical for reliability
- Fixed Series Capacitors (FSC) are installed to improve power transfer capabilities and power system stability
- Protection challenges due to FSC
 - mis-operation of zone protection
 - interaction with FSC protection
 - effect on adjacent lines protection



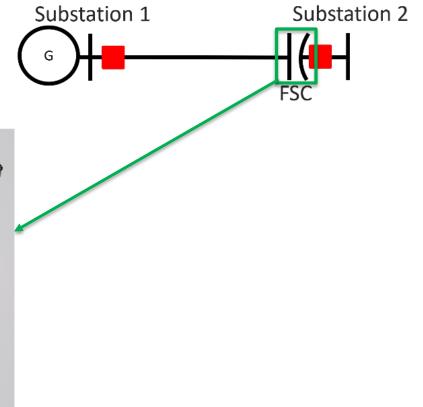




Introduction

• 3D Visualization of FSC connections

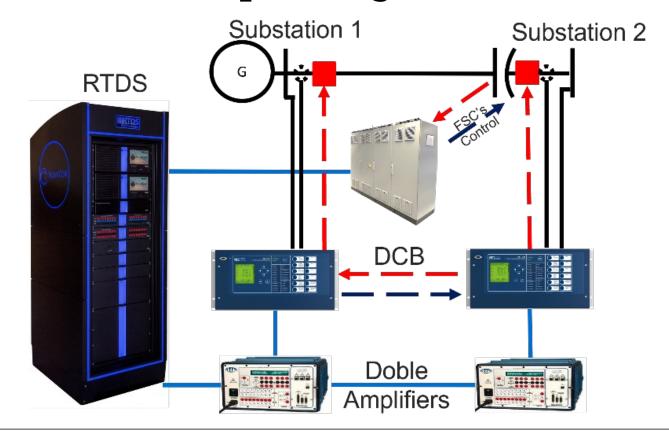








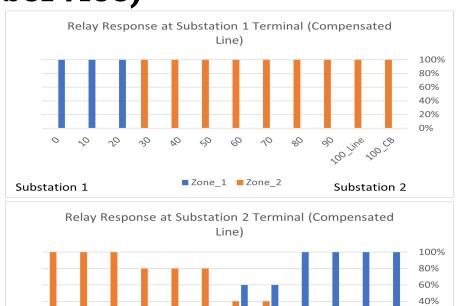
Hardware-in-the-Loop Testing





Simulation Results (FSC In-Service)

- For Substation 1, the underreaching Zone 1 element reached up to 20%
- For Substation 2, the underreaching Zone 1 element reached up to 70% with gaps
- Remaining parts were protected by the overreaching element Zone 2



■ Zone 1 ■ Zone 2

Substation 1



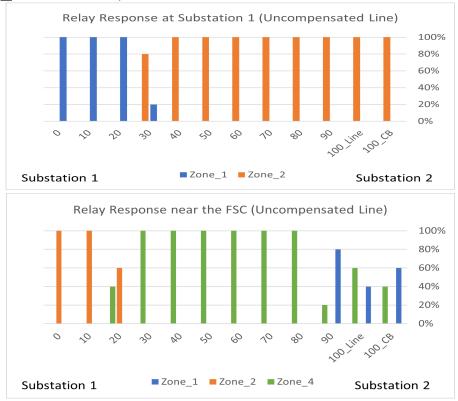
Substation 2

20%

700 Tine

Simulation Results (FSC Bypassed)

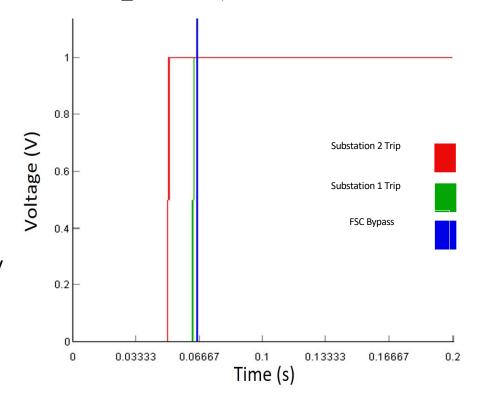
- For Substation 1, the underreaching Zone 1 element reached up to 30%
- For Substation 2, the underreaching Zone 1 element reached up to 10% with gaps and the underreaching Zone 4 covered up 80% without gaps
- Remaining parts were protected by the overreaching element Zone 2





Simulation Results (Transient Response)

- For a fault near the FSC
 - Substation 2 relay trips (Zone 1)
 - Substation 1 relay trips (Zone 2)
 - Temporary Bypass the FSC
- FSC controller had a slower response time compared to the relays
 - This is because of the propagation delay of signals in the FSC controller
- Gaps in line protection are attributed to whether the FSC is bypassed or not





Results Analysis

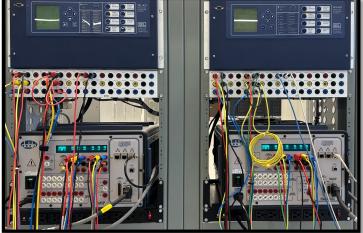
- Since the FSC controller's response was slower than the relays' response,
 Zone 4 did not operate while the FSC was in-service
- Zone 4 can be activated when the FSC is bypassed in the case of repetitive faults
- We recommend maintaining the series-compensation logic with the options Y and XC = OFF selected to ensure fewer gaps in protection
- Zone 4 protection (when the FSC was bypassed) provided more protection than Zone 1 (when FSC was in-service) as we moved away from the FSC towards Substation 1



Contributions

- Identified the interaction between the FSC controller and the relays
- Analyzed the relays response for a batch of faults
- Provided recommendations for enhancing line protection
- Created models and test procedures for future in-house studies with integrated hardware-in-the-loop setup







Conclusion

- Batch of various faults generated data to explore different relay responses
- Series compensation logic in impedance relay is usually designed for internal faults protection, but it can cause gaps in protection
- FSC controller has a slower response time compared to relays
- The recommendation is to keep series compensation logic with Zone 4 active when FSC is bypassed
- Hardware-in-the-loop setup can be used for future R&D projects

Future Work

- Install Power Line Carriers in the hardware-in-the-loop setup
- Investigate the protection impact on nearby transmission lines



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Thank you

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Questions?

